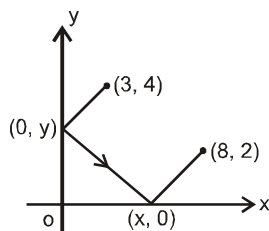


**Topics : Circle, Straight Lines, Pair of Straight Lines**

Type of Questions		M.M., Min.
Single choice Objective (no negative marking) Q.1,2,3,4,5,6	(3 marks, 3 min.)	[18, 18]
Match the Following (no negative marking) Q.7	(8 marks, 8 min.)	[8, 8]

- If one end of a diameter of the circle  $x^2 + y^2 - 4x - 6y + 11 = 0$  is  $(3, 4)$  then the co-ordinates of the other end are :  
 (A)  $(1, 2)$  (B)  $(2, 1)$  (C)  $(-1, 2)$  (D) none of these
- A circle is concentric with circle  $x^2 + y^2 - 2x + 4y - 20 = 0$ . If perimeter of the semicircle is 36 then the equation of the circle is : [ use  $\pi = 22/7$  ]  
 (A)  $x^2 + y^2 - 2x + 4y - 44 = 0$  (B)  $(x - 1)^2 + (y + 2)^2 = (126/11)^2$   
 (C)  $x^2 + y^2 - 2x + 4y - 43 = 0$  (D)  $x^2 + y^2 - 2x + 4y - 49 = 0$
- Given two circles  $x^2 + y^2 - 6x - 2y + 5 = 0$  &  $x^2 + y^2 + 6x + 22y + 5 = 0$ . The tangent at  $(2, -1)$  to the first circle :  
 (A) passes outside the second circle  
 (B) touches the second circle  
 (C) intersects the second circle in 2 real points  
 (D) passes through the centre of the second circle.
- The radius of the circle inscribed in the triangle formed by the line  $3x + 4y = 24$  & the co-ordinate axes is :  
 (A) 2 units (B)  $3/2$  units (C)  $5/2$  units (D) none of these
- The equation of the circle of radius 5 in the first quadrant which touches the x-axis and the line  $3x - 4y = 0$  is :  
 (A)  $x^2 + y^2 - 24x - y - 25 = 0$  (B)  $x^2 + y^2 - 30x - 10y + 225 = 0$   
 (C)  $x^2 + y^2 - 16x - 18y + 64 = 0$  (D)  $x^2 + y^2 - 20x - 12y + 144 = 0$
- Suppose a ray of light leaves the point  $(3, 4)$  reflects from the y-axis and moves towards the x-axis, then reflects from the x-axis, and finally arrives at the point  $(8, 2)$ , then the value of x, is



- (A)  $x = 4\frac{1}{2}$  (B)  $x = 4\frac{1}{3}$  (C)  $x = 4\frac{2}{3}$  (D)  $5\frac{1}{3}$

- Consider the general equation of second degree  $ax^2 + by^2 + 2hxy + 2gx + 2fy + c = 0$ . If this equation represents a pair of straight lines, map the two columns in the most accurate sense.

**Match the column**

**Column - I**

- (A) If  $(x_1, y_1)$  is the point of intersection of the two lines, then  $(ax_1 + hy_1)(hx_1 + by_1) =$   
 (B)  $af^2 + bg^2 + ch^2 =$   
 (C) The lines are parallel if  $h^2 =$   
 (D) Product of perpendiculars from the origin

**Column - II**

- (p)  $\frac{c}{\sqrt{(a-b)^2 + 4h^2}}$   
 (q)  $ab$   
 (r)  $fg$   
 (s)  $abc + 2fg$



## Answers Key

1. (A)

2. (A)

3. (B)

4. (A)

5. (B)

6. (B)

7.  $(A) \rightarrow (r)$ ,  $(B) \rightarrow (s)$ ,  $(C) \rightarrow (q)$ ,  $(D) \rightarrow (p)$

